

LINEAR INEQUALITIES

1 MARK QUESTIONS

- If $a > b$ and $c < 0$, then which of the following is true?
 (A) $a + c < b + c$ (B) $a - c < b - c$
 (C) $ac > bc$ (D) $a - c > b + c$
[March, 2025]
- If $x > y$ and $z < 0$, then :
 (A) $xz > yz$ (B) $xz \geq yz$
 (C) $\frac{x}{z} > \frac{y}{z}$ (D) $\frac{x}{z} < \frac{y}{z}$
[March, 2024]
- The graph of the inequation $2x + 3y > 6$ is the:
 (A) entire XOY-plane
 (B) half-plane that contains the origin
 (C) half-plane that neither contains the origin nor the points on the line $2x + 3y = 6$
 (D) whole XOY-plane excluding the points on the line $2x + 3y = 6$
[March, 2024]
- If $\frac{|x+1|}{x+1} > 0$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, then :
 (A) $x \in [-1, \infty)$ (B) $x \in (-1, \infty)$
 (C) $x \in (-\infty, -1)$ (D) $x \in (-\infty, -1]$
[March, 2023]
- If $13 \leq k \leq 21$, $9 \leq p \leq 19$, $2 < m < 6$ and k, p, m are integers, then which of the following inequality is always valid?
 (A) $\frac{k-p}{m} < 3$ (B) $\frac{k-p}{m} \leq 4$
 (C) $\frac{k-p}{m} < 2$ (D) $\frac{k-p}{m} \leq 3$
[SQP, 2025-26]
- The values of $\frac{1}{x}$ for the given values of $x \in (-1, 3) - \{0\}$ is
 (A) $(-1, \frac{1}{3}) \cup (3, \infty)$
 (B) $(-\infty, -1) \cup (\frac{1}{3}, \infty)$
 (C) $(\frac{1}{3}, 1)$
 (D) $(-\frac{1}{3}, -1)$
[SQP, 2024-25]
- If $\frac{x+1}{x+2} \geq 1$, then
 (A) $x \in [-\infty, 2]$ (B) $x \in (-\infty, -2)$
 (C) $x \in (-\infty, 2]$ (D) $x \in (-\infty, 2)$
[SQP, 2023-24]
- Let $p > 0$ and $q < 0$ and $p, q \in \mathbb{Z}$, then choose the correct inequality from the given below options to complete the statement:

- $p + q$ ——— $p - q$
 (A) $>$ (B) $\leq$
 (C) $\geq$ (D) $<$

[SQP, 2022-23]

- If $\frac{|x+1|}{x+1} > 0$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, then :
 (A) $x \in [-1, \infty)$ (B) $x \in (-1, \infty)$
 (C) $x \in (-\infty, -1)$ (D) $x \in (-\infty, -1]$
[July, 2025]
- Assertion (A):** Solution set of inequality $|3x - 2| \leq \frac{1}{2}$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$ is $[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}]$.
Reason (R): $|x - a| \leq r \Leftrightarrow x \leq a - r$ or $x \geq a + r$.
[July, 2025]
- For two distinct positive numbers x and y
 (A) $x + y > 2\sqrt{xy}$ (B) $\frac{x+y}{2} > xy$
 (C) $\sqrt{xy} > \frac{x+y}{2}$ (D) $\frac{2xy}{x+y} > \sqrt{xy}$
[SQP, 2021-22]
- Without finding the values of the square roots, prove that the inequality $\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3} > \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}$ holds true.
[SQP, 2025-26]

2 MARKS QUESTIONS

- Solve the inequality:
 $-\frac{2}{3} < -\frac{x}{3} + 1 \leq \frac{2}{3}$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$
[2M, July, 2023]
- Solve the inequality:
 $\frac{3}{5}x - \frac{2x-1}{3} > 1$, $x \in \mathbb{W}$
[2M, July, 2023]
- Solve for x : $\frac{x+3}{x-2} \leq 2$.
[2M, March, 2023]

3 MARKS QUESTIONS

- Solve $3x + 8 > 2$, when
 (i) x is an integer.
 (ii) x is a natural number.
 (iii) x is a whole number.
[3M, July, 2024]

5 MARKS QUESTIONS

- Solve for x : $1 \leq |x - 2| \leq 3$
[5M, July, 2025]